



## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Airoma Citrus Mango 3000 (USA)

According to Appendix D, OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR §1910.1200

#### 1. Identification

##### Product identifier

**Product name** Airoma Citrus Mango 3000 (USA)

**Internal identification** AIROMA-CITRUS, VTSAIRCIT

**Container size** 7oz., 198.5g

##### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

**Application** Air freshener

**Uses advised against** Use only for intended applications.

##### Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier** Vectair Systems Inc.  
2095 Spicer Cove, Covington Way Distribution Centre, Memphis, TN 38134, USA  
+1 901 373 7818  
info@vectairsystems.com

**Contact Person** Product development

##### Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone** Vectair Systems Inc +1 901 373 7818 (during normal office hours)

**National emergency telephone number** INFOTRAC +1 800 535 5053 INTERNATIONAL +1 352 323 3500

#### 2. Hazard(s) identification

##### Classification of the substance or mixture

**Physical hazards** Flam. Gas 1 - H220 Press. Gas, Compressed - H280 Flam. Liq. 2 - H225

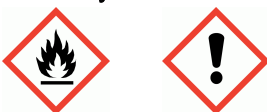
**Health hazards** Eye Irrit. 2A - H319 Skin Sens. 1 - H317 STOT SE 3 - H336

**Environmental hazards** Aquatic Acute 3 - H402 Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412

##### Classification in accordance with Directive 1907/2006/EEC

##### Label elements

##### Hazard symbols



**Signal word** Danger

## Airoma Citrus Mango 3000 (USA)

<b>Hazard statements</b>	<p>H222 Extremely flammable aerosol.</p> <p>H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.</p> <p>H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor.</p> <p>H319 Causes serious eye irritation.</p> <p>H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.</p> <p>H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.</p> <p>H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</p>
<b>Precautionary statements</b>	<p>P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and hot surfaces. No smoking.</p> <p>P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.</p> <p>P251 Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use</p> <p>P261 Avoid breathing spray.</p> <p>P333+P313 If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/ attention.</p> <p>P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/ attention.</p> <p>P305+P351+P338 If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.</p> <p>P304+P340 If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.</p> <p>P412 Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.</p> <p>P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.</p>
<b>Contains</b>	acetone, citral, Geraniol, Benzyl salicylate

### Other hazards

This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

<b>acetone</b>	<b>30-60%</b>
CAS number: 67-64-1	
<b>Classification</b>	
Flam. Liq. 2 - H225	
Eye Irrit. 2A - H319	
STOT SE 3 - H336	
<b>(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol</b>	<b>1-5%</b>
CAS number: 34590-94-8	
<b>Classification</b>	
Not Classified	
<b>Benzyl salicylate</b>	<b>&lt;1%</b>
CAS number: 118-58-1	
<b>Classification</b>	
Eye Irrit. 2A - H319	
Skin Sens. 1 - H317	
Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412	



## Airoma Citrus Mango 3000 (USA)

**Protection of first aiders** First aid personnel should wear appropriate protective equipment during any rescue. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it from the affected person, or wear gloves. It may be dangerous for first aid personnel to carry out mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**General information** See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

**Inhalation** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect.

**Ingestion** Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.

**Skin contact** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**Eye contact** Irritating to eyes.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Notes for the doctor** Treat symptomatically.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** The product is flammable. Extinguish with alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide, dry powder or water fog. Use fire-extinguishing media suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Specific hazards** Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant.

**Hazardous combustion products** Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.

### Advice for firefighters

**Protective actions during firefighting** Avoid breathing fire gases or vapors. Evacuate area. Keep upwind to avoid inhalation of gases, vapors, fumes and smoke. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Cool containers exposed to heat with water spray and remove them from the fire area if it can be done without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapors and protect men stopping the leak. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment. Control run-off water by containing and keeping it out of sewers and watercourses. If risk of water pollution occurs, notify appropriate authorities.

**Special protective equipment for firefighters** Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing. Standard Firefighter's clothing including helmets, protective boots and gloves will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

## Airoma Citrus Mango 3000 (USA)

<b>Personal precautions</b>	No action shall be taken without appropriate training or involving any personal risk. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel away from the spillage. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Follow precautions for safe handling described in this safety data sheet. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Ensure procedures and training for emergency decontamination and disposal are in place. Do not touch or walk into spilled material. Evacuate area. Risk of explosion. Provide adequate ventilation. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Avoid inhalation of dust and vapors. Use suitable respiratory protection if ventilation is inadequate. Avoid contact with eyes and prolonged skin contact.
<b><u>Environmental precautions</u></b>	
<b>Environmental precautions</b>	Avoid discharge into drains or watercourses or onto the ground. Avoid discharge to the aquatic environment.
<b><u>Methods and material for containment and cleaning up</u></b>	
<b>Methods for cleaning up</b>	Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Do not allow material to enter confined spaces, due to the risk of explosion. Flush contaminated area with plenty of water. Wash thoroughly after dealing with a spillage. Dangerous for the environment. Do not empty into drains. For waste disposal, see Section 13.
<b>Reference to other sections</b>	For personal protection, see Section 8. See Section 11 for additional information on health hazards. See Section 12 for additional information on ecological hazards. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

### 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

<b>Usage precautions</b>	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Keep away from food, drink and animal feeding stuffs. Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. The product is flammable. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle broken packages without protective equipment. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin. Avoid contact with eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapors and spray/mists.
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<b>Advice on general occupational hygiene</b>	Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Change work clothing daily before leaving workplace.
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#### **Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

<b>Storage precautions</b>	Keep away from oxidizing materials, heat and flames. Keep only in the original container. Keep container tightly closed, in a cool, well ventilated place. Keep containers upright. Protect containers from damage. Do not store near heat sources or expose to high temperatures. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Utilize retaining walls to prevent soil and water pollution in the event of spillage. The storage area floor should be leak-tight, jointless and not absorbent.
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<b>Storage class</b>	Miscellaneous hazardous material storage.
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#### **Specific end uses(s)**

## Airoma Citrus Mango 3000 (USA)

**Specific end use(s)** The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.

### 8. Exposure controls/Personal protection

#### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

#### **(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol**

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): ACGIH 100 ppm 606 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): ACGIH 150 ppm 909 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Sk

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): OSHA 100 ppm 600 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Sk

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists.

Sk = Danger of cutaneous absorption.

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration.

#### **Ingredient**

#### **(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol (CAS: 34590-94-8)**

**Immediate danger to life and health** 600 ppm

#### Exposure controls

#### **Protective equipment**



#### **Appropriate engineering controls**

Provide adequate ventilation. Personal, workplace environment or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls as the primary means to minimize worker exposure. Personal protective equipment should only be used if worker exposure cannot be controlled adequately by the engineering control measures. Ensure control measures are regularly inspected and maintained. Ensure operatives are trained to minimize exposure.

#### **Eye/face protection**

Eyewear complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates eye contact is possible. Personal protective equipment for eye and face protection should comply with OSHA 1910.133. Wear tight-fitting, chemical splash goggles or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

#### **Hand protection**

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contact is possible. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacture, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. To protect hands from chemicals, gloves should comply with OSHA 1910.138 and be demonstrated to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. Frequent changes are recommended.

#### **Other skin and body protection**

Appropriate footwear and additional protective clothing complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates skin contamination is possible.

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<b>Hygiene measures</b>	Provide eyewash station and safety shower. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Clean equipment and the work area every day. Good personal hygiene procedures should be implemented. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke. Preventive industrial medical examinations should be carried out. Warn cleaning personnel of any hazardous properties of the product.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Ensure all respiratory protective equipment is suitable for its intended use and is NIOSH approved. Check that the respirator fits tightly and the filter is changed regularly. Gas and combination filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Full face mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134. Half mask and quarter mask respirators with replaceable filter cartridges should comply with OSHA 1910.134.
<b>Environmental exposure controls</b>	Keep container tightly sealed when not in use. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance</b>	Aerosol.
<b>Color</b>	Colorless.
<b>Odor</b>	Perfume.
<b>Odor threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	Not available.
<b>Melting point</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Flash point</b>	-104°C
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not known.
<b>Evaporation factor</b>	Not known.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not available.
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	480000 Pa @ 20°C
<b>Vapor density</b>	Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	Not available.
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	Soluble in water.
<b>Partition coefficient</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	415°C
<b>Decomposition Temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Explosive properties</b>	Not considered to be explosive.
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidizing.

### 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.
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## Airoma Citrus Mango 3000 (USA)

<b>Stability</b>	Stable at normal ambient temperatures and when used as recommended. Stable under the prescribed storage conditions.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	The following materials may react strongly with the product: Oxidizing agents.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid exposing aerosol containers to high temperatures or direct sunlight. Pressurised container: may burst if heated
<b>Materials to avoid</b>	No specific material or group of materials is likely to react with the product to produce a hazardous situation.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Does not decompose when used and stored as recommended. Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Harmful gases or vapors.

### 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

##### Acute toxicity - oral

**Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>)** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Acute toxicity - dermal

**Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>)** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Acute toxicity - inhalation

**Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>)** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Skin corrosion/irritation

**Animal data** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Serious eye damage/irritation

**Serious eye damage/irritation** Causes serious eye irritation.

##### Respiratory sensitization

**Respiratory sensitization** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Skin sensitization

**Skin sensitization** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Germ cell mutagenicity

**Genotoxicity - in vitro** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Carcinogenicity

**Carcinogenicity** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### **IARC carcinogenicity**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

##### Reproductive toxicity

**Reproductive toxicity - fertility** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### **Reproductive toxicity - development**

Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

##### Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

**STOT - single exposure** STOT SE 3 - H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

##### **Target organs**

Central nervous system

##### Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure



## Airoma Citrus Mango 3000 (USA)

**STOT - repeated exposure** Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.

### Aspiration hazard

**Aspiration hazard** Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.

**General information** The severity of the symptoms described will vary dependent on the concentration and the length of exposure.

**Inhalation** A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Central nervous system depression. Drowsiness, dizziness, disorientation, vertigo. Narcotic effect.

**Ingestion** Due to the physical nature of this product, it is unlikely that ingestion will occur.

**Skin Contact** Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**Eye contact** Irritating to eyes.

**Route of exposure** Ingestion Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

**Target Organs** Central nervous system

## 12. Ecological information

**Toxicity** Aquatic Chronic 3 - H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### Persistence and degradability

**Persistence and degradability** The degradability of the product is not known.

### Bioaccumulative potential

**Bio-Accumulative Potential** No data available on bioaccumulation.

**Partition coefficient** Not available.

### Mobility in soil

**Mobility** The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.

### Other adverse effects

**Other adverse effects** None known.

## 13. Disposal considerations

### Waste treatment methods

**General information** The generation of waste should be minimized or avoided wherever possible. Reuse or recycle products wherever possible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Disposal of this product, process solutions, residues and by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any local authority requirements. When handling waste, the safety precautions applying to handling of the product should be considered. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been thoroughly cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues and hence be potentially hazardous.

**Disposal methods** Dispose of surplus products and those that cannot be recycled via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste, residues, empty containers, discarded work clothes and contaminated cleaning materials should be collected in designated containers, labeled with their contents. Waste packaging should be collected for reuse or recycling. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

## Airoma Citrus Mango 3000 (USA)

### 14. Transport information

#### UN Number

UN No. (TDG)	1950
UN No. (IMDG)	1950
UN No. (ICAO)	1950

#### UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (TDG)	AEROSOLS
Proper shipping name (IMDG)	AEROSOLS
Proper shipping name (ICAO)	AEROSOLS

#### Transport hazard class(es)

TDG class	2.1
TDG label(s)	2.1
IMDG Class	2.1
ICAO class/division	2.1

#### Transport labels



#### Environmental hazards

**Environmentally Hazardous Substance**  
No.

#### Special precautions for user

**EmS** F-D, S-U

### 15. Regulatory information

#### US Federal Regulations

##### **SARA Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances Tier II Threshold Planning Quantities**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

##### **CERCLA/Superfund, Hazardous Substances/Reportable Quantities (EPA)**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

##### **SARA Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA Reportable Quantities**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

##### **SARA 313 Emission Reporting**

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

##### **CAA Accidental Release Prevention**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

##### **FDA - Essential Chemical**

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

## Airoma Citrus Mango 3000 (USA)

### FDA - Precursor Chemical

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### SARA (311/312) Hazard Categories

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### OSHA Highly Hazardous Chemicals

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### US State Regulations

#### California Proposition 65 Carcinogens and Reproductive Toxins

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-I)

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

#### California Air Toxics "Hot Spots" (A-II)

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

#### California Directors List of Hazardous Substances

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

#### Massachusetts "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

#### Rhode Island "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

#### Minnesota "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

#### New Jersey "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

#### Pennsylvania "Right To Know" List

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

### Inventories

#### US - TSCA

The following ingredients are listed or exempt:

#### US - TSCA 12(b) Export Notification

None of the ingredients are listed or exempt.

### 16. Other information

<b>Training advice</b>	Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Only trained personnel should use this material.
<b>Revision comments</b>	Administrative changes - does not effect the label
<b>Issued by</b>	Compliance Lead - Vectair Systems
<b>Revision date</b>	10/10/2019
<b>Revision</b>	2
<b>Supersedes date</b>	10/9/2019

## Airoma Citrus Mango 3000 (USA)

<b>SDS No.</b>	5065
<b>Hazard statements in full</b>	H220 Extremely flammable gas. H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 Causes serious eye damage. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H400 Very toxic to aquatic life. H402 Harmful to aquatic life. H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

This information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process. Such information is, to the best of the company's knowledge and belief, accurate and reliable as of the date indicated. However, no warranty, guarantee or representation is made to its accuracy, reliability or completeness. It is the user's responsibility to satisfy himself as to the suitability of such information for his own particular use.